



# Laguna Woods Golf Club (73-0258-01)

## Most Improved Golfer Report

for Revision Dates 3/1/2019 - 4/1/2019



Rank	GHIN #	Name	Starting		Ending		Factor
			HDCP	Diff	HDCP	Diff	
1	9526838	Han, Warren	18.2	190.1	14.7	153.3	1.131
2	9778206	Lilyquist, David A	13.6	142.2	11.6	121.3	1.085
3	9583393	Davis, Bud	14.1	147.6	12.2	127.4	1.079
4	9425451	Oliveira, John	8.2	86.4	7.0	73.4	1.063
5	9244816	Mikos, Robert	14.9	155.8	13.4R	139.6	1.059
6	9743740	Letarte, Leo	17.7	184.7	16.1	168.0	1.057
7	9742998	Jang, Michael	28.0	292.7	26.1	272.8	1.050
8	9323859	Park, Chung	22.7	236.6	21.1	220.0	1.048
9	9819383	Stodgel, Douglas D	5.7	59.8	4.9	51.5	1.047
10	0297445	Dubois, Mr. Bert	25.8	269.1	24.2	252.5	1.044
11	0030428	Yamaguchi, Goro	21.5	224.0	20.1	210.3	1.044
12	0225967	Infield, Dick	13.3R	138.6	12.3R	128.2	1.041
13	6519578	Chai, Don	18.9	197.1	17.7	184.9	1.040
14	9658219	Santoro, Paul	15.3	159.5	14.3	149.5	1.038
15	0381040	Yoon, Sam	28.6	298.9	27.1	282.9	1.038
16	9035908	Layton, Mike	16.2	169.0	15.2	158.5	1.037
17	1290607	Tumpane, Shaun	13.3	138.7	12.4	129.2	1.037
18	2829009	Cosbey, Craig	31.3	326.1	29.9	311.5	1.033
19	8689983	Del Castillo, Ernie	19.0	198.5	18.0	188.5	1.033
20	1691770	Jones, Duke	20.3	211.9	19.3	201.8	1.032

### Most Improved Golfer Computation

The USGA recommended method for determining a club's most improved player at the end of a season or year is as follows:

Add 12\* to the player's Handicap Index at the start of the season. This is value A.

Add 12 to the player's Handicap Index at the end of the season. This is value B.

Divide value A by value B, calculating to three decimal places. This is the improvement factor. The player with the highest improvement factor should receive the most improved player award.

Example:

Starting Handicap Index: 22.6

Ending Handicap Index: 17.4

Value A: 22.6 + 12 = 34.6

Value B: 17.4 + 12 = 29.4

A / B: 34.6 / 29.4 = 1.177

Improvement Factor: 1.177

Note: Add 6\* instead of 12 in the case of a nine-hole Handicap Index (N).

\*The numbers 6 and 12 have been determined by the USGA as equitable in gauging the improvement of players encompassing the entire spectrum of handicaps. For example, it is relatively the same improvement factor to go from a 20.0 to a 10.0 Handicap Index (improvement factor of 1.454) as it is to go from a 5.0 to a scratch, or zero Handicap Index (improvement factor of 1.416), yet the change in Handicap Index is "10" (20 - 10) versus "5" (5 - 0) strokes. The numbers of 6 and 12 take into consideration the level of a player's improvement rather than the net change in Handicap Index.

Please note: This ranking is for guidance only and should be carefully reviewed by the handicap committee and modified if necessary. There are many special situations which cannot be taken into account by the formula alone, especially if the club joined GHIN for the first time this year. The committee always has final authority in selecting their most improved player.